

petrotest®



OXIDATION STABILITY

PETROOXY

New Standards

ASTM D 7525

ASTM D 7545

RSSOT



PetroOXY

FUEL
FAME
DIESEL
BIODIESEL
OIL & GREASE
FOOD & COSMETICS ETC.

MANUFACTURER SINCE 1873

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Rapid Small Scale Oxidation Test (RSSOT)

A new Method for the Determination of the Oxidation Stability

Suitable for Diesel, Biodiesel, FAME, Gasoline, Grease, Oil, Food, Cosmetics etc.

The new "Rapid Small Scale Oxidation Test" (RSSOT) Methods were approved in Summer 2009:



ASTM D 7525 - for Gasoline

Covers the quantitative determination of the stability of gasoline (spark ignition fuel), including those containing alcohols or other oxygenates, under accelerated oxidation conditions.

ASTM D 7545 - for Diesel, Biodiesel & FAME

Covers the quantitative determination of the stability of Middle Distillate Fuel.

The measured induction period can be used as an indication of the oxidation and storage stability.

Compared to some other oxidation and storage stability test methods, this test method uses a small sample and gives a result in a short time period

Why testing Oxidation Stability?

- Sludge formations can ruin modern and sophisticated fuel injection systems by plugging of filters!
- Oil oxidation can scrap machinery!
- The oxidation of lubricants can affect for example the free movement of bearings!
- Oil & grease contained in foods are subject to oxidation also and may cause the products to perish!

The oxidation stability is covering two important ranges:

- Storage Stability

(which can be influenced by humidity, sunlight, microorganisms, temperature, oxygen in the air etc.) is an important parameter for strategic storage of large quantities and a value of the aging and the shelftime of natural oil and other products.

- Thermal Stability

can additionally generate "Gum" and "Solid Deposits" during storage. This may lead to filter plugging.

Economical Aspects and Advantages

The automatic PetroOXY-method performs a massive reduction of testing time. The handling & cleaning time per test is limited to approx. 5 min.

In a small, hermetically sealed test chamber a 5 ml sample is heated together with oxygen.

This initiates a very fast, artificial aging process, which is displayed by a pressure drop in the system.

It was found that the time consumption to the pressure drop is directly related to the oxidation stability.

As a result of the improved repeatability, producers can reduce their costs, because now the concentration of valuable additives can be limited closer to the required level.

Further fast checks in case of suspicion and accidents are possible, as well as strategic and routine storage monitoring.

Results determined by the PetroOXY include **all volatile & non-volatile oxidation products** and thereby provide a complete analysis of the sample's oxidation stability.

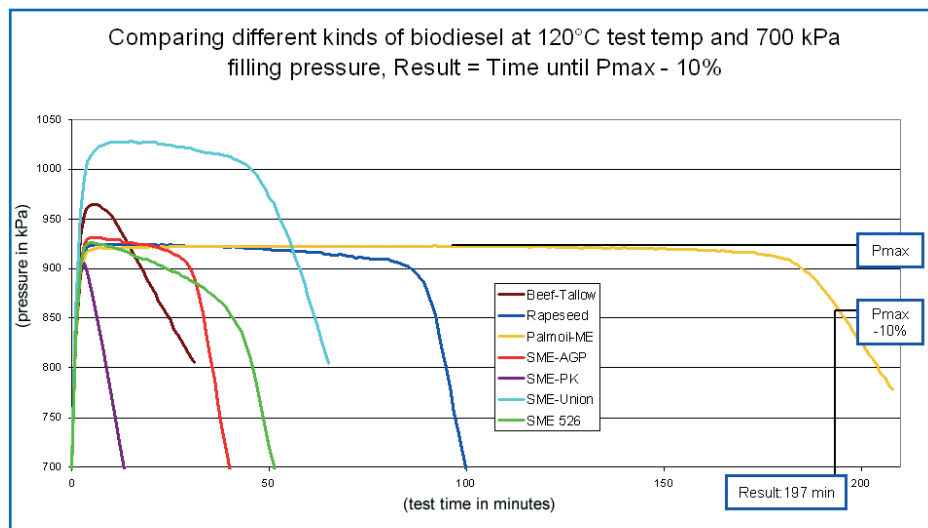
Compilation

For oxidation stability tests on various products there is a tool now available: The new PetroOXY method.

It is quick, economic and the results are well repeatable.

Compared with other methods good differentiations are possible.

Thanks to improved repeatability, cost reductions are possible by going closer to the limits of specifications.





13-3002

PetroOXY Apparatus

Complies with the requirements of users regarding an improvement of the currently used manual oxidation stability tests:

- Small sample volume of 5 ml
- Short test time, normally less than 1 hour
- Improved user safety
- Automatic pressure detection system
- Automated oxygen charging & relief
- Automatic heating & re-cooling
- Easy handling even for less skilled users
- No complicated evaluation (as soon as the test is finished the result is displayed)
- Interface to transfer test data
- Easy cleaning after test run

Re-Cooling Alternatives:

Metal Re-Cooling Block

The block must be stored in a separate freezer to boost the re-cooling of the chamber between two tests. Especially useful in a warm environment.

Active Re-Cooling Device

It uses Peltier cooling, which allows an automatic re-cooling to a defined temperature in the range of +17 to +24 °C. Fully self-contained and liquid-free it is a very easy and safe way of testing. Especially recommended for easy vaporizing fluids like gasoline.



13-3006



aluminum chamber with galvanic coating

Test Cell Alternatives:

Aluminum Chamber with galvanic coating

High-graded aluminum is used to provide even and super fast heat transfer. The galvanic coating of the cell avoids catalytic effects.

Suitable for: **fuel, oil** and with a sample dish for **grease**. But not for water containing products.

Stainless Steel Chamber

High-graded stainless steel in dairy-product quality.

Suitable for: **water containing products** and **acid forming samples** in the food & cosmetic sector.



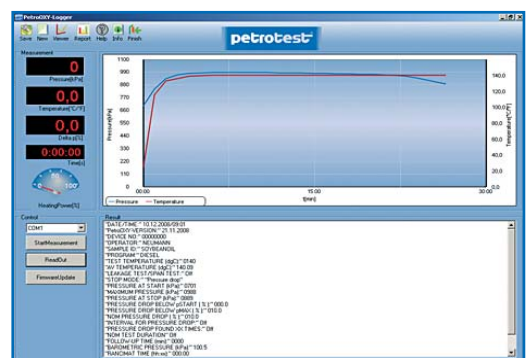
stainless steel chamber with PTFE-sample dish

PetroOXY Logger-software

A program for data acquisition and easy update, which is included in each PetroOXY.

- Features:**
- online data visualization of pressure and temperature curves during a test
 - data readout after a test
 - data storage in xml-format

It requires a PC with Windows®-plattform with >300 MB hard disk space, CD-ROM drive, mouse and 1 free serial port (RS232 or USB). (Configuration details upon request)



Software PetroOXY



PetroOXY - Determination of the Oxidation Stability of Fuels (Gasoline, Diesel, Gasoil, Biodiesel & FAME,), Grease & Oil



13-3002 & 13-3028

Product group: Fuels (Gasoline, Diesel, Gasoil, Biodiesel & FAME)

Current procedures:

Oxidation Stability by Induction Period - ASTM D 525 - IP 40 - ISO 7536

The induction period may be used as an indication of the tendency of motor gasoline to form gum in storage. It should be recognized, however, that its correlation with the formation of gum in storage may vary markedly under different storage conditions and with different gasolines.

Oxidation Stability of Distillate Fuel Oil - ASTM D 2274, ISO 12 205, ASTM D 5304

This test method provides a basis for the estimation of the storage stability of middle distillate fuels. But it is only possible to discriminate very good and relatively good fuels from very bad fuels. A more precise differentiation is not possible.

Oxidation Stability of Fatty Acid Methyl Esters - EN 14 112, EN 15 751

A sample, in a closed reaction vessels, will be exposed to elevated temperatures while pumping air into it. This method detects oxidation stability through conductivity.

PetroOXY procedures: Oxidation Stability of Gasoline - ASTM D 7525

Oxidation Stability of Diesel, Biodiesel & FAME - ASTM D 7545

For the determination of the stability of fuels under accelerated oxidation conditions.

Compared to some other oxidation and storage stability test methods, this test method uses a small sample and gives a result in a short time period.

We recommend:

PetroOXY "Block Cooling" with Re-Cooling Block

- 13-3002 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU-plug & -filling hose
- 13-3003 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, US-plug & -filling hose

PetroOXY "Active Cool" with Peltier Re-Cooling

- 13-3006 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU-plug & -filling hose
- 13-3007 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, US-plug & -filling hose



for liquid samples

Product group: Grease

Current procedures:

Oxidation Stability of Lubricating Greases - ASTM D 942, DIN 51808, IP 142

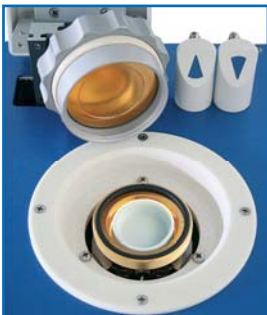
This test method measures the net change in pressure resulting from consumption of oxygen by oxidation and gain in pressure due to formation of volatile oxidation by-products. This test method may be used for quality control to indicate batch-to-batch uniformity.

We recommend:

PetroOXY "Block Cooling" with Re-Cooling Block

- 13-3002 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU-plug & -filling hose
- 13-3003 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, US-plug & -filling hose

- 13-3028 **Sample Dish** (see Accessories)



with dish for pasty samples

Product group: Oil

Current procedures:

Oxidation Stability of Steam Turbine Oils by Rotating Pressure Vessel (RBOT) - ASTM D 2272, IP 229

The estimate of oxidation stability is useful in controlling the continuity of this property for batch acceptance of production lots having the same operation. This test method is also used to assess the remaining oxidation test life of in-service oils.

Oxidation Stability of Turbine Oils (TOST) - ASTM D 943, ISO 4263, etc.

This test method is widely used for specification purposes and is considered of value in estimating the oxidation stability of lubricants, like inhibited steam-turbine oils. It is also used for testing hydraulic oils and circulating oils having a specific gravity, less than that of water and containing rust and oxidation inhibitors.

We recommend:

PetroOXY "Block Cooling" with Re-Cooling Block

- 13-3002 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU-plug & -filling hose
- 13-3003 Power supply: 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, US-plug & -filling hose



re-cooling with block

PetroOXY - Determination of the Oxidation Stability (Aging) of Food, Cosmetics and other Products

Possible applications:

- **Vegetable oils and fats** (like margarine or seed oil etc.)
- **Animal oils and fats** (like butter, fish oil etc.)
- **Meltable foods** with a high fat content (like butter, cheese, lipstick etc.)
- **Liquid or semi-liquid foods** (like mayonnaise, sauce, cream or lotion etc.)
- **Solid, non-meltable foods** (like nuts, bacon, sausage etc.)

Product group: Natural Oils/Fats, Food & Cosmetics

To make a statement concerning the oxidation stability respectively the shelf life, the examined sample will be aged artificially under controlled test conditions.

By raising the temperature or oxygen pressure the period, until signs of spoiling appear, will be reduced from months/weeks to days/hours.

The determined induction time characterizes the resistance of oils and fats to oxidation.

Compared to similar, already published instruments, the test conditions are more rigid. Therefore the scope of application is extended. After the consumption of the antioxidants (which will be reduced faster due to the increased temperature), **volatile and non-volatile products** can be determined.

The PetroOXY offers an easy and safe method for the fast determination of the oxidation stability even of sensitive oils and fats and is suitable for the qualitative analysis of vegetable cooking oils and greases, further for vegetable grease used in cosmetics.



13-3008

Current procedure:

Oxidation Stability of Animal / Vegetable Fats and Oils - ISO 6886, EN 14 112

The determination of the oxidation stability of **natural oils and fats** through conductivity is a standard quality control method in the food industry. The oils and fats contained in food are also subject to oxidation, which leads to their spoilage.

The suitable PetroOXY unit is:

PetroOXY "Stainless Steel"

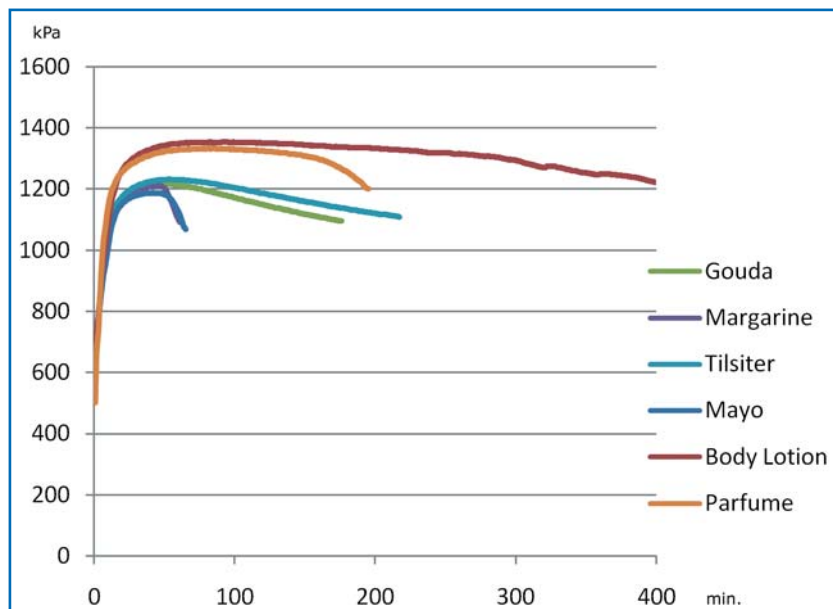
Automatic Oxidation Stability Tester for Water Containing Products like Food, Cosmetics etc. with stainless steel chamber and PTFE Dish

- 13-3008 Power supply : 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU-plug & -filling hose
- 13-3009 Power supply : 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, US-plug & -filling hose

- 13-3026 **Re-Cooling Block** (see Accessories)



stainless steel chamber with PTFE-sample dish



comparison of food, cosmetics etc.





Scope of Application

This is a new automatic method to evaluate the storage stability of liquid fuels (gasoline, diesel, FAME), grease oil or food and give a qualitative analysis before releasing a product from any production facility or storage.

Summary of Method

ASTM D 7525 & ASTM D 7545 the new "Rapid Small Scale Oxidation Test" Methods

For a quantitative determination of the stability of fuels under accelerated oxidation conditions.

The measured induction period can be used as an indication of the oxidation and storage stability.

The PetroOXY test methods use, compared to some other oxidation and storage stability test methods, a small sample only and give good repeatable results in a short time period.

Oxidation Stability - PetroOXY Method (automatic)

Gasoline Methods: ASTM D 7525
In correlation with: ASTM D 525, IP 40, ISO 7536

FAME / Biodiesel Methods: ASTM D 7545
In correlation with: EN 14 112, EN 15 751

Diesel / Gasoil Methods: ASTM D 7545
In correlation with: ASTM D 2274, IP 388, ISO 12205
ASTM D 5304

Grease Methods:
In correlation with: ASTM D 942, DIN 51 808, IP 142

Oil Methods:
In correlation with: ASTM D 943, ISO 4263
ASTM D 2272, IP 229

Food & Cosmetics Methods:
In correlation with: ISO 6886, EN 14 112

PetroOXY - Automatic Rapid Small Scale Oxidation Tester (RSSOT)

Features:

- Microprocessor controlled
- Results of 20 tests can be stored.
- Pressure and temperature are stored once per minute.
- A maximum of 16000 data-sets can be stored.
- Data can be exported to a PC.

Consisting of:

Automatic tester with microprocessor control, high-grade stainless steel housing with two-color powder coating, touch-key panel with large LC-display for pressure and temperature as well as simple display of the pressure curve membrane key pad for selection of desired program and parameters, control electronics with power supply, heating control with safety over-temperature shutoff, cool-down fan, sample cup for 5 ml standard sample, screw cap cover, safety and insulation cover, hose nipples, internal tubing, solenoid valves for automatic pressurization and pressure relief.

Supplied with:

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------|
| 1 set seals | 1 software PetroOXY-logger |
| 1 set cleaning tissues | 1 data transfer cable |
| 1 oxygen filling line (max. 8 bar) EU/US-type | 1 USB adapter RS232 |
| 1 verification fluid set, 50 ml | 1 RS232 adapter DS9/DS25 plug |

Technical Data:

- | | |
|---------------------|---|
| Test place | : 1 |
| Test Cell | : coated aluminum or stainless steel |
| Working range | : up to +200 °C |
| Common test range | : +120 °C to +200 °C |
| Heater capacity | : 500 W |
| Re-Cooling Device | : fan and metal block or Peltier element |
| Temperature sensor | : Pt-100 |
| Pressure sensor | : 0 to 2000 kPa |
| Interfaces | : 1x RS-232 for Printer, 1x RS-232 for data export |
| Dimensions / Weight | : 24 x 40 x 26 cm (W x D x H), 11.2 kg |
| Power supply | : 115/230 V, 50/60 Hz, EU- or US-plug & -filling hose |



13-3002



13-3006



13-3008

PetroOXY - model	Automatic Rapid Small Scale Oxidation Tester (RSSOT)					
	Block-Cooling		Active Cool		Stainless Steel	
Applications						
Gasoline	X		X			
Diesel	X		X			
Oil & Grease	X		X			
Food					X	
Order N°	13-3002	13-3003	13-3006	13-3007	13-3008	13-3009
Features						
115/230 V, EU-plug	X		X		X	
115/230 V, US-plug		X		X		X
Temperature Range	up to +200 °C		up to +200 °C		up to +200 °C	
Re-Cooling	fan & block		fan & active Peltier cooling		fan	
Test Cell	coated aluminum		coated aluminum		stainless steel	
Sample Dish	(option)		(option)		10 x	
Re-cooling Block					(option)	



Options & Accessories

- 13-3026 Re-Cooling Block**
for faster cool down of the test chamber between tests
(must be chilled in a freezer until use)
- 13-3028 Dish, PTFE, pack of 1**
- 13-3033 Referencefluid, 5x 11 ml,**
with certificate of PetroOXY- & Rancimat EN 14 112-value
- 13-3035 Pressure Calibration Manometer** with adapter
Technical Data:
Digital pressure gage : 0 ... 10 bar
Accuracy : 0.1% FSS typ
Indication : kPa, bar, PSI
- 13-3037 Works Certificate "PetroOXY"**
about pressure and temperature, with 5 test points each
- 13-3040 Temperature Calibration Set**
Consisting of: precision thermometer, measuring chain with temperature sensor,
lid and hood
- 13-3049 Service Set - PetroOXY**
for test cell cleaning and leak detection
- 13-3054 Bluetooth Set,** for wireless connection of 1 instrument (with RS-232 interface) to 1 PC



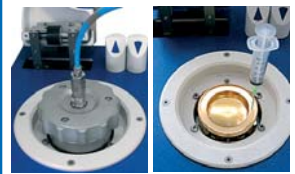
13-3028 (13-3029)



13-3035



13-3049



Consumables

- 13-3022 Pipettes, 5 ml,** graduated, made of plastic, pack of 100
- 13-3025 Cleaning Tissue,** pack of 100

Spares

- 13-3021 O-Ring Set,** pack of 100
- 13-3029 Dish, PTFE,** pack of 10
- 13-3034 Verification Fluid - PetroOXY**
Consisting of:
50 ml aluminum flask with diesel oil,
2 pipettes (5 ml) and works certificate
- 13-3030 Oxygen Tubing, EU-version**
pressure reducing max. 8 bar
- 13-3031 Oxygen Tubing, US-version**
pressure reducing max. 8 bar,
1/4" NPT



13-3054



13-3022 (1 of 100)



13-3040

MANUFACTURER OF PETROLEUM TEST EQUIPMENT SINCE 1873



PETROTEST BUILDING



DEVELOPMENT



PRODUCTION

ISO 9001
CERTIFIED
PROCESSES...

...CONSOLIDATED
AT PETROTEST®!



QUALITY CONTROL



TRAINING



STORAGE

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